OUR DAILY BREAD FOOD PANTRY, INC.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TOGETHER WITH REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR Year ended December 31, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page

Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
Financial Statements	
Statement of Financial Position	4
Statement of Activities	5
Statement of Functional Expenses	6
Statement of Cash Flows	7
Notes to the Financial Statements	8-25



Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

Florida Institute of Certified Public Accountants American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

> Private Companies Practice Section Tax Division

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Our Daily Bread Food Pantry, Inc. 1450 Winterberry Drive Marco Island, FL 34145

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Our Daily Bread Food Pantry, Inc. (a Florida not-for-profit corporation), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2022 and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Our Daily Bread Food Pantry, Inc. as of December 31, 2022, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Matter of Emphasis

During the year ended December 31, 2022, Our Daily Bread Food Pantry, Inc. implemented FASB ASU 2016-02 "Leases" (Topic 842) as further described in NOTE G. The prior year net assets were not required to be restated.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Our Daily Bread Food Pantry, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the

INTEGRITY SERVICE EXPERIENCE

12621 World Plaza Lane, Building 55 • Fort Myers, FL 33907 • Phone: (239) 333-2090 • Fax: (239) 333-2097

Board of Directors Our Daily Bread Food Pantry, Inc. Page 2

preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Our Daily Bread Food Pantry, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Our Daily Bread Food Pantry, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Our Daily Bread Food Pantry, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Board of Directors Our Daily Bread Food Pantry, Inc. Page 3

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

TUSCAN & COMPANY, P.A.

TUSCAN & COMPANY, P. Fort Myers, Florida April 27, 2023

OUR DAILY BREAD FOOD PANTRY, INC. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION December 31, 2022

ASSETS	Amount
CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents, including restricted cash of \$34,142 Investments Other receivables Food bank inventory Prepaid expenses TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	$ \begin{array}{r} & 471,797 \\ & 1,078,832 \\ & 59,647 \\ & 38,840 \\ & 6,508 \\ \hline & 1,655,624 \end{array} $
OPERATING LEASE - RIGHT OF USE ASSET (ROU) PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET TOTAL ASSETS	59,394 274,893 \$ 1,989,911
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable Accrued expenses TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	\$ 11,769 <u>16,383</u> <u>28,152</u>
OPERATING LEASE LIABILITY (ROU) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES	59,394
TOTAL LIABILITIES	87,546
NET ASSETS	
Without donor restrictions: Unrestricted Unrestricted, designated	1,472,723 395,500 1,868,223
With donor restrictions: Temporarily restricted Permanently restricted TOTAL NET ASSETS	34,142
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	<u>\$ 1,989,911</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

OUR DAILY BREAD FOOD PANTRY, INC. STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Without Donor	W'4 D		
	Restrictions	With Donor		
	Unrestricted	Temporarily	Permanently Restricted	T = 4 = 1
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Restricted	Total
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS				
PUBLIC SUPPORT, REVENUES AND RECLASSIFICATIONS				
Special events and fundraising	\$ 248,283	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 248,283
Less: direct cost of benefits to donors	(1,261)			(1,261)
Net proceeds from special events				
and fundraising	247,022	-	-	247,022
Contributions	1,067,404	34,142	-	1,101,546
Grants	-	537,890	-	537,890
In-kind donations - food	733,935	-	-	733,935
Investment and other income	13,278	-	-	13,278
Investment donated	5,145	-	-	5,145
Investment unrealized loss				
TOTAL PUBLIC SUPPORT				
AND REVENUES	2,066,784	572,032	-	2,638,816
Net assets released from restrictions:				
Satisfaction of program restrictions	537,890	(537,890)	-	-
TOTAL PUBLIC SUPPORT, REVENUES				
AND RECLASSIFICATIONS	2,604,674	34,142		2,638,816
EXPENSES				
Program services	2,263,166	-	-	2,263,166
Supporting services	34,986	-	-	34,986
Fundraising	58,726			58,726
TOTAL EXPENSES	2,356,878			2,356,878
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS	247,796	34,142	-	281,938
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,620,427			1,620,427
NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,868,223	\$ 34,142	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 1,902,365

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

OUR DAILY BREAD FOOD PANTRY, INC. STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES Year Ended December 31, 2022

	SUPPORTING SERVICES				
FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES	Program Services	Admin	Fund Raising	Total Supporting Services	Total Expenses
Compensation and related expenses Salaries Payroll taxes	\$ 76,324 8,043 84,367		\$ 10,511 	\$ 21,022 	\$ 97,346 8,043 105,389
Advertising	-	-	18,290	18,290	18,290
Depreciation	30,922		-	-	30,922
Equipment & software	12,460		8,599	9,246	21,706
Fees	95	2,522	21,326	23,848	23,943
Food purchased	1,246,393	-	-	-	1,246,393
Food donated in-kind	738,511	-	-	-	738,511
Insurance	1,971	5,225	-	5,225	7,196
Internet	1,800	-	-	-	1,800
Maintenance (Building/Vehicle)	63,608	128	-	128	63,736
Office expense	24,389	6,506	-	6,506	30,895
Professional fees	28,000	9,100	-	9,100	37,100
Rent/lease	30,650		-	-	30,650
Telephone		347		347	347
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$ 2,263,166	\$ 34,986	\$ 58,726	\$ 93,712	\$ 2,356,878

OUR DAILY BREAD FOOD PANTRY, INC. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Amount
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Cash received from grants, donors,	
and other operating activities	\$ 2,021,349
Cash paid to suppliers	(1,614,777)
Interest/investment income received	13,278
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	419,850
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Purchases of investments	(569,292)
Proceeds on disposition of fixed assets	2,000
Purchases of property and equipment	(120,923)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(688,215)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(000,215)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Proceeds from debt issuance	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	<u> </u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(268,365)
	())
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING	740,162
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING	\$ 471,797
	<u> </u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	Amount	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	\$	281,938
Adjustments to Reconcile Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets to Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Operating Activities:		
Depreciation		30,922
Donor contributions to investments		(5,145)
(Gain) loss on disposition of fixed assets		(1,438)
Unrealized (gain) loss on investments		123,112
(Increase) decrease in other receivables		10,518
(Increase) decrease in food bank inventory		4,538
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		11,378
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(7,923)
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses		(28,050)
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS		137,912
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	419,850

NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

Non-cash transactions for the year ended December 31, 2022 are as follows:

	Support and	
	Revenues	Expenses
In-kind food donations	\$ 733,935	\$ 738,511
Direct donor contributions to CFCC investment	5,145	
	\$ 739,080	\$ 738,511

The related non-cash revenue and expenses have been eliminated from the operating activities above.

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and description of activities

Our Daily Bread Food Pantry, Inc. (the "Organization") is a private, Florida not-for-profit corporation based in Marco Island, Florida. The Organization was established on January 2, 2019 to offer nourishing food choices, encouragement, and hope. The Organization engages daily with families who are experiencing food insecurity and the Organization is working to wipe out hunger in Marco Island and Naples.

Specifically, the Organization's programs reach individuals where they are spiritually, physically and geographically. However, food is the first priority. As such, the Organization's funding is generated through donations, bequests, grants and events.

The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements:

Basis of Accounting

The Organization prepares its financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting. Grant revenues are recorded as support when performance occurs under the terms of the grant agreement. Grant revenue includes all resources received from another entity in accordance with an entitlement or grant document.

Financial statement presentation

The accounting and reporting policies of the Organization conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and are in accordance with the audit guide issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, "Not-for-Profit Organizations" and the accounting standards issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) in the Accounting Standards Codification (ASC).

The financial statement presentation follows the recommendations of Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC).

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Financial statement presentation, continued

Under FASB ASC, the Organization is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets: net assets without donor restrictions and net assets with donor restrictions.

The Organization reports its contributions in accordance with FASB ASC 606. In accordance with FASB ASC 606, contributions received are recorded as with donor restriction or without donor restriction depending on the existence and/or nature of any donor restrictions. Under FASB ASC 606, such contributions are required to be reported as contributions with donor restriction and are then reclassified to net assets without donor restriction upon expiration of the time restriction or compliance with the purpose restriction.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, the Organization considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

The Organization's policy for cash and cash equivalents permits the use of depository accounts, money market accounts and treasury bills.

Investments

The investment policy of the Organization permits the investment of excess cash in certificates of deposits, money market accounts, US treasuries and mutual funds. Investments are carried at market value, which approximates fair value, at the respective year end. The Organization has the ability and intends to hold these investments for the foreseeable future. Gains and losses are determined using the specific identification method when securities are sold or matured. Due to the type and nature of investments held, any gain or loss is reflected as investment income. Unrealized appreciation or depreciation of the investments is considered immaterial and therefore not reflected separately in the financial statements. Related investment fees are considered insignificant.

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Food pantry inventory

The Organization maintains an inventory of food items and consumable supplies to distribute to their clients. Many of the items are received through donations. The method used to determine the value of the inventory is to value the goods held at \$1.08 per pound, which approximates estimated cost. Inventories of purchased commodities are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Inventory uses the first in first out method.

Property and equipment

The Organization's policy is to capitalize assets with a cost of \$1,000 or more and a useful life greater than 1 year. Property and equipment is recorded at cost, except for donated items (used in operations of the Organization) which are recorded at fair market value as of the date received. Assets are depreciated using straight-line and accelerated methods (which approximate straight-line) over their respective estimated lives as follows:

<u>Category</u>	<u>Useful Lives</u>
Vehicles	4-8 years
Equipment	5-10 years

Contributions

In order to observe restrictions which donors place on grants and other gifts, as well as designations made by the Board of Directors, all assets, liabilities and activities are accounted for in the following net asset classifications:

Net Assets without donor restrictions - not subject to donor-imposed restrictions. Net assets without restrictions may be designated for specific purposes by action of the Board of Directors.

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Contributions, continued

Net assets with donor restrictions - subject to stipulations imposed by donors and grantors. Some donor restrictions are temporary in nature; those restrictions will be met by actions of the Organization or by the passage of time. Other donor restrictions are perpetual in nature, where by the donor has stipulated the funds be maintained in perpetuity. Net assets with donor restrictions include:

Temporarily Restricted Net Assets - subject to donor-imposed stipulations that may be fulfilled by actions of the Organization to meet the stipulations or become unrestricted at the date specified by the donor. The Organization had net assets of \$34,142 with donor restrictions temporarily restricted at December 31, 2022.

Permanently Restricted Net Assets - subject to the restriction in perpetuity that the principal be invested. Investment income earned on permanently restricted donations is unrestricted and used as determined by the Board of Directors. The Organization had no net assets with donor restrictions - permanently restricted at December 31, 2022.

Impairment of fixed assets

The Organization adheres to the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) FASB ASC 958-360-50-2, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets." FASB ASC 958-360-50-2 requires, among other things, that entities identify events or changes in circumstances which indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable.

There was no effect on the Organization's financial statements resulting from FASB ASC 958-360-50-2 for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Accrued compensated absences

No accrued amounts have been recorded for accrued compensated absences as the Organization's employee is not entitled to be paid for unused accrued vacation or sick time upon termination of employment.

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Revenue recognition

All contributions are considered to be available for unrestricted use unless specifically restricted by the donor. Contributions are recognized when the donor makes a promise to give to the Organization that is in substance, unconditional. Contributions that are restricted by the donor are reported as an increase in net assets with donor restriction, depending on the nature of the restriction. When a restriction expires, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the Statement of Activities as net assets released from restrictions. Contributions that are restricted by the donor are reported as an increase in net assets without donor restrictions. When a restrictions are reclassified to net assets released from restrictions and reported in the Statement of Activities as net assets released from restrictions. Contributions that are restricted by the donor are reported as an increase in net assets without donor restriction if the restriction expires in the reporting period in which the support is recognized.

<u>Revenue from Exchange Transactions</u>: The Organization recognizes revenue from these types of transactions in accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, as amended. ASU 2014-09 applies to exchange transactions with customers that are bound by contracts or similar arrangements and establishes a performance obligation approach to revenue recognition.

The Organization records the following exchange transaction revenue in its statement of activities for the year ended December 31, 2022:

<u>Special Event Revenue</u> - The Organization conducts special events in which a portion of the proceeds paid by a donor represents payment for the direct cost of the benefits received by the donor at the event - the exchange component, and a portion represents a contribution to the Organization. Unless a verifiable objective means exists to demonstrate otherwise, the fair value of the benefit is measured at cost to the Organization. The contribution component is the excess of the gross proceeds over the fair value of the benefit received by the donor. The direct costs of the special event are recorded as direct donor benefits in the statement of activities. The performance obligation is the delivery of the event. The event fee is set by the Organization. FASB ASU 2014-09 requires the Organization allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations. As such, the Organization presents the exchange and contribution components of the gross proceeds from special events. For special event fees received before

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Revenue recognition, continued

year-end for an event that will occur after year-end, the Organization follows AICPA guidance where the inherent contribution is conditioned on the event taking place and is therefore treated as unearned revenue along with the exchange component.

<u>Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions</u>: The Organization recognizes revenue from these types of transactions in accordance with FASB ASU 2018-08, clarifying the Scope and the Accounting Guidance for Contributions Received and Contributions Made. ASU 2018-08 applies to non-exchanged transactions. The Organization records the following non-exchange transaction revenue in its statement of activities for the year ended December 31, 2022:

<u>Contributions and other grants</u> - Revenue from contributions is recognized at the time the contribution is made. Revenue from grants is recognized as reimbursements are requested and barriers are met.

Functional expenses

The cost of providing the various programs and other activities have been detailed in the Statement of Functional Expenses and summarized on a functional basis in the Statement of Activities. Expenses that can be identified with a specific program service are charged directly to that program, according to their natural expenditure classification. Other expenses that are common to several functions are allocated by various statistical bases.

Income taxes

No provision for income tax expense has been made in the accompanying financial statements since the Organization is exempt from income taxes under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3). In addition, the Organization is not a private foundation within the meaning of Section 509(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The Internal Revenue Code provides for taxation of unrelated business income under certain circumstances. The Organization reports no unrelated business taxable income. However, such status is subject to final determination upon examination of

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Income taxes, continued

the related tax returns by the appropriate taxing authorities. The Organization's informational returns (US Form 990), "Returns of Organization Exempt from Income Tax," for the last three years are subject to examination by the IRS, generally for three years after they were filed.

Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Tax Items

The Financial Accounting Standards Board has issued guidance on accounting for uncertainty in income taxes and the Organization has adopted this guidance. The Organization has evaluated its tax provision and any estimates utilized in its tax returns, and concluded that it has taken no uncertain tax positions that require adjustment to the financial statements to comply with the provisions of this guidance. Interest and penalties associated with uncertain tax positions will be recognized in income tax expense, if required.

Advertising costs

The Organization's policy is to expense advertising costs when incurred.

Donated goods and services

The Organization is operated by volunteers, including the Board of Directors, each of which donate significant amounts of their time and expertise to the Organization and its programs. No amounts have been recorded for donated services inasmuch as no objective basis is available to measure the value of such services.

The Organization receives donated food items which are inventoried (food bank inventory) and distributed (donated) by the Organization to the clients served by the Organization.

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Donated goods and services, continued

Contributed goods meeting the requirement for recognition in the financial statements are recorded at \$1.08 per pound, the estimated cost of goods received. For the year ended December 31, 2022 the financial statements reflect the following:

	Revenue]		
Donated goods	\$	733,935	\$	738,511	*
Donated investments		5,145		-	**
	\$	739,080	\$	738,511	

* The difference between donated goods revenue and expense is an adjustment to inventory.

** Reflects an increase in investments.

In addition, many individuals volunteer their time and perform a variety of tasks that assist the Organization with educational programs, fundraising activities, and various committee assignments; however, no amounts have been reflected in the financial statements, as these services do not meet the requirement for recognition.

Concentration of credit risk

The Organization maintains its cash and cash equivalent balances at a local financial institution in deposit, money market and certificate of deposit accounts, which at times may exceed federally insured limits. The Organization has not experienced any losses on such accounts and believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

Fair value of financial instruments

The FASB ASC Topic "Financial Instruments" clarifies the definition of fair value for financial reporting, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and requires additional disclosure about the use of fair value measurements in an effort to make the measurement of fair value more consistent and comparable.

The Organization's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, payables, and accrued liabilities. The Organization estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments do not differ materially from the aggregate carrying value of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying Statement of Financial Position due to their short term nature.

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Risk management

It is the policy of the Organization to purchase commercial insurance for known forms of potential risks to which it is exposed.

Management estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the Organization to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and net assets and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Accounting Pronouncement

On August 18, 2016 FASB issued ASU 2016-14, Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958) - *Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities*. The ASU amends the current reporting model for nonprofit organizations and enhances their required disclosures. The major changes include (a) requiring the presentation of only two classes of net assets now titled "net assets without donor restrictions" and "net assets with donor restrictions" and (b) requiring the disclosure of quantitative and qualitative information regarding liquidity and availability of resources. As a result of adopting the ASU, the Organization's presentation of its net assets and the footnote disclosures are consistent with that required by the ASU.

Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through April 27, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE B - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and cash equivalents consist of the following at December 31, 2022:

	Amount	
Depository and other accounts	\$	471,797
	\$	471,797

At December 31, 2022, the Organization held restricted cash of \$34,142. This amount is also reflected as temporarily restricted net assets.

Investments

Investments are comprised of the following at December 31, 2022:

	Amount
Marketable securities Community Foundation of Collier County (CFCC)	\$ 1,051,242 27,590
	\$ 1,078,832

Concentration of credit risk

The Organization maintains its cash and cash equivalents in a financial institution. These assets, which at times may exceed FDIC limits, are Federally insured (FDIC) up to \$250,000 per financial institution. The bank balances of \$387,950 as of December 31, 2022 were held in the Organization's depository and money market accounts of which \$250,000 was fully insured. At December 31, 2022, \$137,950 was uninsured. Management believes the Organization is not exposed to excessive credit risk due the uninsured deposits. The Organization has not experienced any losses due to credit risks.

NOTE C - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property and equipment consists of the following at December 31, 2022:

	 Amount
Vehicles	\$ 201,628
Equipment	 126,018
	327,646
Less: accumulated depreciation	 (52,753)
Property and Equipment, net	\$ 274,893

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$30,922.

NOTE D - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The following table presents the Organization's fair value hierarchy for the assets measured at fair value in the accompanying Statement of Financial Position as of December 31, 2022:

	December 31, 2022							
	Fair Value Measurements Using:							
	Fair Value		Level (1)		Level (2)		Level (3)	
Marketable securities:								
Govt. money market	\$	244,363	\$	-	\$	244,363	\$	-
US Treasury Fixed Coupon		806,879		-		806,879		-
Community Foundation								
of Collier County (CFCC)		27,590		-				27,590
• 、 /	\$	1,078,832	\$	-	\$	1,051,242	\$	27,590

The Organization adheres to the requirements of Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 820-10-50-1 through 820-10-50-8. FASB ASC 820-10 established a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs valuation techniques used to measure fair value. This hierarchy consists of three broad levels: Level (1) inputs consist of unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and have the highest priority. Level (2) inputs are from other than quoted market prices included in Level (1) that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly. These inputs include quoted market prices in active markets for similar assets. Level (3) inputs have the lowest priority and consist of unobservable inputs for the asset or liability, which are typically based on an entity's own assumptions, as there is little, if any, related market activity. The

NOTE D - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS, CONTINUED

Organization uses appropriate valuation techniques based on the available inputs to measure fair value of its investments. When available, the Organization measures fair value using Level (1) inputs because they generally provide the most reliable evidence of fair value.

In January 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-06, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820): Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements." This update provided amendments that require new disclosures of (a) transfers in and out of Levels (1) and (2) to include reasons for the transfers and (b) reconciliation for fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs, Level (3), should be presented separately on a gross basis, rather than as one net number. This update also provided amendments that clarify existing disclosures such as the level of disaggregation for each class of assets and liabilities as well as disclosures about inputs and valuation techniques.

Level 1: Inputs are quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that are accessible at the measurement date. An active market is a market in which transactions of the asset or liability occur with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

Level 2: Classifications consist of commingled funds where detailed holdings were available and the funds fair value could be determined based on market prices, such as money markets and certain other bond funds. It also included specific investments in rated fixed income securities.

Level 3: Classification consists of the following:

Community Foundation of Collier County (the "CFCC") Investment - has been valued, as a practical expedient, at the fair value of the Organization's share of the CFCC's investment pool as of the measurement date. The CFCC values securities and other financial instruments on a fair value basis of accounting. The estimated fair values of certain investments of the CFCC, which includes private placements and other securities for which prices are not readily available, are determined by the management of the CFCC and may not reflect amounts that could be realized upon immediate sale, nor amounts that ultimately may be realized. Accordingly, the estimated fair values may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for these investments.

NOTE D - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS, CONTINUED

Activity related to the beneficial interest consists of the following for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Amount	
Beginning Balance	\$	27,344
Adjustment		(5,145)
Contributions		5,145
Cash Distribution to the Organization		-
Investment Performance		338
CFCC Fees		(86)
Investment Manager's Fees		(6)
Ending Balance	\$	27,590

The components of the net appreciation on investments, include interest income. Investment manager's fees are netted against these amounts.

Other assets and liabilities such as cash, receivables, prepaids, inventory, accounts payable and accrued expenses are recorded at cost which approximates fair value due to the short term nature of these assets and liabilities.

Fixed Income Mutual Funds/ETP:

Investment risk

Credit risk is the risk that a portfolio will lose value as a result of a real or perceived change in the ability of a issuer to repay its debts. Market risk is the risk that due to many factors including but not limited to global, national and local economic factors these investments can and may lose principal. In addition, the Organization has employed qualified investment managers who specialize in investments within certain asset classes. Management believes this diversification will reduce the risk of loss of principal and preserve the Organization's assets.

NOTE D - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS, CONTINUED

Fixed Income Mutual Funds/ETP (continued):

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to change in market interest rates. As a means of limiting its exposure to interest rate risk, the Organization diversifies its investments by security type, and limits holdings in any one type of investment with any one issuer with various durations of maturities.

Custodial credit risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Organization will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities (loss of principal) that are in the possession of an outside party. To date the Organization has experienced no such loss.

The Organization's internal investments are maintained at a financial institution and are managed by a third party investment manager. The investments are held either in the Organization's name or that of the financial institution. The investments are registered and uninsured.

There were no losses during the fiscal year due to default by counterparties to investment transactions.

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that fluctuations in the currency exchange rate may affect transactions conducted in currencies other than US Dollars and the carrying value of foreign investments. The Organization's potential exposure to foreign currency risk derives mainly from investments in mutual funds with international equities and fixed income funds.

NOTE D - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS, CONTINUED

Fixed income investments

The investment policy allows investment in fixed income investments. These fixed income investments comprise 75% of the Organization's investments.

At December 31, 2022, the credit ratings of the fixed income investments are reflected below:

	2022		
			Percentage of MV of
		Fair	Fixed Income
		Value	Securities
Rating of fixed income securities			
U.S. Fixed Coupon	\$	806,879	100.00%
AAA		-	0.00%
AA		-	0.00%
А		-	0.00%
BBB		-	0.00%
<bbb< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td>0.00%</td></bbb<>		-	0.00%
Not rated*			0.00%
Total fixed income securities	\$	806,879	100.00%

* Although the pooled fixed income fund is not officially rated the bonds held within the fund are rated A-AAA. Duration periods are not readily available.

NOTE E - SCHEDULE AND RESTRICTIONS ON NET POSITION

Net position are available for the following purposes at December 31, 2022:

Without Donor Restrictions	Amount
Unrestricted net assets	
Undesignated by the Board	\$ 1,472,723
BOD designated net assets	
Operating reserve - 90 days	395,500
	1,868,223
With Donor Restrictions	
Temporarily restricted net assets	
Capital Campaign	34,142 *
Permanently restricted net assets	<u> </u>
Total Net Assets	\$ 1,902,365
* Also reflected as restricted cash.	

NOTE F - LOCAL GRANTS REVENUE

For the year ended December 31, 2022, local grants revenue consisted of the following:

	Amount	
Maro Island Community Fund	\$	12,000
Clark Family Foundation		50,000
Community Foundation of Collier County		55,000
Daniels Fund		15,000
Empty Bowls of Naples		22,000
Island Country Club		40,000
Schulze Family Foundation		80,000
NextFifty Initiative		150,000
Truist		35,000
Network for Good		50,000
		509,000
Other Grants		28,890
	\$	537,890

NOTE G - LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Organization leases certain office and food pantry space and office equipment.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842). This Standard requires lessees to recognize the assets and liabilities that arise from leases in the statement of financial position. Additionally, in July 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-11, Leases (Topic 842) - Targeted Improvements, provides an additional transition method that would allow entities to not apply the guidance in ASU 2016-02 in the comparative periods presented in the financial statements and instead recognize a cumulative-effect adjustment to the opening balance of net assets in the period of adoption. Our Daily Bread Food Pantry, Inc. adopted ASU 2016-02 and its related amendments as of January 1, 2022, which resulted in the recognition of operating lease right-of-use assets (ROU assets) of \$59,394 as well as operating lease liability totaling \$59,394. Our Daily Bread Food Pantry, Inc. elected to adopt the transition relief provisions from ASU 2018-11 and recorded the impact of adoption as of January 1, 2022, without restating any prior-year net asset amounts or specific disclosures.

NOTE G - LEASE COMMITMENTS, CONTINUED

Total discounted future minimum lease payments on the food pantry and office space lease is as follows:

Years Ending			
December 31	A	Amount	
2023	\$	30,000	
2024		30,000	
2025		2,500	
		62,500	
Impact of present value discount		(3,106)	
Present value	\$	59,394	

Our Daily Bread Food Pantry, Inc. used a discount rate of 4.75%. Our Daily Bread had no incremental borrowing rate available, therefore the Prime rate as of February 1, 2020 (date of lease inception) was used to determine the future minimum lease payments.

Total rent/lease expense for the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$30,650.

The Organization leases food pantry and office space for a sixty (60) month term beginning February 1, 2020 and ending January 25, 2025 at a monthly rate of \$2,500. The office equipment lease is considered immaterial and therefore, not included in the liability above.

NOTE H - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE

The Organization's operations are substantially dependent on the receipt of support and revenue from donations and grantor agencies. Loss of these funds and/or large decreases in this type of funding would have a material effect on the financial position of the Organization and a negative impact on overall operations. For the year ended December 31, 2022, approximately 90% of total support and revenue is attributable to funds received from donations and grantor agencies.

NOTE I - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Organization is currently receiving and previously has received grants, contracts, and other third party funds which are subject to special compliance audits by the grantor and other third party agencies that provided these reimbursements. These audits may result in disallowed expense amounts.

Disallowed amounts, if any, constitute a contingent liability of the Organization. Such liabilities are not reflected within the financial statements of the Organization, as management does not believe any material contingent liabilities exist.

NOTE J - LIQUIDITY

Financial assets available within one year of December 31, 2022 consisted of the following:

Tonowing.		
	 Amount	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 471,797	
Investments	1,078,832	
Other receivables	 59,647	
	 1,610,276	
Less amounts due within one year:		
Current liabilities	 28,152	
	 28,152	
Financial assets available to meet general		
expenditures over the next twelve months	\$ 1,582,124	

The Organization's goal is generally to maintain financial assets to meet 90 days of operating expenses.

The Board of Directors of the Organization has designated \$395,500 of the \$1,582,124 financial assets available for an operating reserve of 90 days.